Ilands good for Hay and Pasture, where is a rich fishing of Baace. The other called Delaware, where is a fishing of Cod all the yeare long, though it can bee made onely in the colder Moneths; for in the hotter it cannot take Salt. The reason of this great fishing is, for that the North-east Wind blowing ever constant from the Canary Isles, rolles the Ocean and the fish with it into Mexico-Bay, where finding no pasfage South nor West, is forced up North witha strong current, and sweepeth along with it great shoales of Fish, by the Couft of Florida, Virginia, Mary-land, New-England, and New-found-land, which fleeing the Whales, who feed upon them, make to the Land and take the Protection of shallower Waters, and inlets thereof, where they are eafily taken. There are also fundry goodly Rivers, but the chiefest is called Patsan-Omeck, navigable for ships of great burthen, one hundred & forty miles into the Land, upon which river is a rich trade with the Indians of Beavers skins, in wonderfull plenty, which being newly discovered; yet did some Merchants bring from thence this last yeare, as many as were worth 20050. pounds, and the returne of these commodities with which they traded for these Beavers with the Natives, yeelded them thirty for one. Grasse there is in great plenty in the plaine and open grounds, but generally the Country is covesed with great Woods. Oakes and Walnut, both blacke and white are the most common Trees. Of which, the Oakes are so tall and streight, as many of them yeeld beames 60. foot long, and two foot and a halfe every way square. Cyprusses chere are 3. fatham about below: and fourescore foot high before they shoot any bough, Mulberry trees also there are, in great aboundance, which will be usefull for the making of Silke. There is also filke grasse, which the Persugals call Sove de l'hierna, to make China Damaske. Likewise Elme, Ash, and Chefnuts, which equall the best in Spaine, France, Italy,